

Provincial  
Librarian

# STONY PLAIN SUN.

VOLUME Eighteen

STONY PLAIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, AUG 12, 1937

## ROYAL CAFE, STONY PLAIN.

### The Best Place For The Best Meal.

We have the LUCKY STAR TICKETS for Customers. Get one and win money. No Blanks. Ice Cream, Soft Drinks, Confectionery. Fruit.

**L. M. LARSON, Proprietor.**

## Life Insurance, Guardian of Canadian Homes.

The Sun has had the pleasure of presenting to its readers, in recent issues, a series of announcements regarding the matter of Life Insurance. These have been presented in an easily-read form, and have stressed the strength and security of the institution of life insurance in Canada, its great value to individual men, women and children in times of financial stress and strain, and its stabilizing effect upon the economic structure of the nation itself.

This publicity, sponsored by the Canadian Life Insurance Officers association, is now in its 17th year, and is a fine example of the institutional form of advertising which might be profitably followed by other financial and commercial interests of the country.

## FARMERS' MEAT MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.  
DRESSED POULTRY.

CATTLE AND HOGS BOUGHT EVERY DAY IN  
THE WEEK.—HIGHEST PRICES PAID.  
PHONE SEVEN, STONY PLAIN.

## Canadian National Railways

## NEW LOWER SUMMER FARES to PACIFIC COAST.

TICKETS ON SALE DAILY to OCTOBER 15.  
Return Limit: First-class, October 31st.  
Tourist and Coach, 6 Months in addition to date of sale.

## VANCOUVER - VICTORIA.

FROM EDMONTON AND RETURN,

|                |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Coach.         | Tourist.       | Standard.      |
| <b>\$30.85</b> | <b>\$32.15</b> | <b>\$37.20</b> |

Proportionately Low Fares Beyond.  
Air-conditioned Sleeping Cars, Diners and  
Observation Cars.  
Full Information from Your Local Agent.

## Canadian National Railways

**DON'T BUY IN THE DARK.  
SPEND YOUR MONEY FOR  
ADVERTISED GOODS.**

### Saturday's Field Day.

The field day held Saturday at the Goertz farm drew a fair attendance, despite the busy farmers' season at present on. The field day was the first of its kind held hereabouts, and the proceedings proved both interesting and instructive.

### Free Milk.

Several residents of the town who own cows and turn these out on the village Common to graze, have been wondering why their Bossies gave so little of the lactical fluid when milking time came round. A watch was set, and on Friday three youngsters were caught going thru the milking operations—two holding Bossie and one doing the milking.

On Friday afternoon 3 youngsters were discovered breaking into the Lauxman home, on Meridian road. On their appearance in the Juvenile Court, they were let off with a warning.

### Visit from an Oldtimer.

Mr Frank Thill, one of the district's early settlers and farmers, and a former hotelkeeper in Stony Plain, was renewing old friends in town and district, last week.

Mr Thill, who had his farm at Glory Hills, held an auction sale and left this district about 17 years ago. Although over 70 years of age, he looks just about the same big, healthy gentleman as appeared to be while running the hotel here.

Frank says he has retired from farming, but still has an interest in a half-section in the Rimber district, where he resides.

He expressed his pleasure at the fine appearance Stony now presents, and expressed a liking to moving back here, if this were possible.

### A Stony Boy in the R.C.A.F.

A letter has been received at The Sun office from Mr Samuel Miskey, who is at present with the R.C.A.F. at Camp Borden, near Toronto. Sam left here early in the summer; was stationed for a time at the Calgary receiving station; later being forwarded, with a detachment, to Ontario. He reports having had a good time on the trip down, and is having a enjoyable time at present, at the Camp.

Sam, with about 200 other young fellows from all parts of Canada, are undergoing training. Following the preliminary instruction course, the lads will be given a three months' term in general airplane construction and maintenance.

Following this, they will take a final course in the particular trade for which they are chosen with an examination at the close—the successful ones being considered duly qualified and sent to R.C.A.F. stations situated at various points in the Dominion.

Sam wishes to be remembered to all his friends here, and especially to those who, owing to the shortness of the notice given him to report to Calgary, left him unable to give each a farewell handshake.

## HARDWICK'S

YOUR HOME TOWN STORE.

### Style and Quality House Dresses.

So pretty you can wear them shopping or for morning visits; beautiful colorings; beautiful styles; beautiful trims; sizes 14-46. 98c each.

### Slips, white or tea rose.

A smart Slip, bias cut lines, adjustable shoulder straps; prettied up with lace at top and bottom; sizes 32 to 42. Each 98c.

### Girls' Cotton Bloomers.

Cut roomy for comfort; double gusset, peppy elastic at waist and knees, flat-knit seams; peach only; sizes 22 to 32. 25c pair.

### Knit Rayons.

Pantie or Bloomer style; panties have elastic waist; bloomers have elastic at waist & knees; small, medium, large; white or tea rose. 29c pr.

### New Cretonnes, 36 inches wide.

You'll like these new Cretonnes; rich bright colors on light or dark grounds. 2 yards 49c.

### Cups and Saucers.

with attractive border and floral design; practical and serviceable. Cup and Saucer 9c.

### Grocery Specials--Lots of them

Nabob Chocolate Pudding. 2 packages 15c.  
A real handy Broom, stands up longer. 35c.  
Pacific Canned Milk. Priced at 2 tins 19c.  
Pickles, a fine mixture. 33 cents per bottle.

## Get It at HARDWICK'S.

AGENTS ALBERTA DAIRY POOL.

## A SOUND PRACTICE.

It is a sound practice to deliver your grain regularly to your U. G. G. Elevator. Through many years' experience farmers have learned that they can count on this farmers' company for satisfactory service in handling their grain.

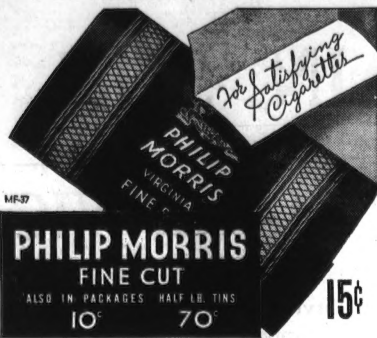
DELIVER YOUR GRAIN TO

## UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD

ELEVATOR AT GAINFORD.

## COMMERCIAL PRINTING AT PRICES YOU CAN AFFORD. TRY THE SUN PRINTERY

For Posters, Auction Bills, Show Bills,  
Circulars, Labels, Invoices,  
Show Cards, Hangers, Loose Leaves,  
Dance Cards, Shipping Tags,  
Statements, Tickets, Bill Heads,  
Memorial Cards, Wedding Invitations,  
Business Cards, Badges, Prize Lists,



*For Satisfying Cigarettes*

**PHILIP MORRIS**  
FINE CUT  
ALSO IN PACKAGES HALF LB. TINS  
10 70 15¢

## Doctor And Patient

A symposium of replies to a questionnaire sent out to doctors by the American Foundation on the availability of adequate medical care for the population generally, probably affords a key to the reason for the growing public demand for systems of state medicine or state health insurance.

The replies indicate that, in a broad sense, adequate medical care, no matter how conservatively the phrase is interpreted, is not generally available and certainly not as available as it should be, and for a number of reasons.

While the information and opinion secured is, of course, applicable to conditions in the United States, there is little doubt that it is equally applicable in Canada, and in some respects more particularly in Western Canada, where similar social and economic conditions exist to those on the other side of the international boundary.

That the problem of providing adequate medical care for the people is bound by social and economic conditions is specifically revealed in the numerous replies received and it is because of this fact that the public demand for state medicine is becoming such a prominent issue nowadays.

Quoting the Foundation's own summarization of the replies to the question: "Is adequate medical care now readily available?" the Foundation points out that many agree there is no categorical answer to such a question because of disagreement as to its meaning, "but, if medical care is interpreted to mean the kind of care needed to enable citizens to maintain 'positive' health, preventing incipient illness from progressing to serious consequences, as well as doing all that can be done to restore the sick individual to health, the weight of opinion is certainly that adequate medical care is not available.

"Even if adequate medical care is less ambitiously defined," to further quote the Foundation's summary as reported in the current issue of the "Canadian Doctor," "this section contains a good deal of evidence in the form of not statistics but of direct picture (by men on the scene) to justify the premise that a large part of the population does not receive adequate medical care.

"(a) because it costs too much, especially hospital service and the laboratory aids to diagnosis;

"(b) because it is too far away, as in the vast agricultural areas far removed from medical centres and without either hospitals or practitioners;

"(c) because the public generally does not understand and is not asking for modern scientific medical care, much of the population definitely preferring quacks, cultists and patent medicines, and finally and most important;

"(d) because in the medical care of the present 'the best is not yet good enough,' to cite many spokesmen.

"The reasons why medical care is not yet good enough are many, but these are the reasons most frequently brought forward by the physicians:

"(a) There is a lag of years in applying new medical knowledge;

"(b) present medical training is not yet uniformly good;

"(c) present licensing is too broad;

"(d) too many graduates do not or cannot keep up their competence;

"(e) medical imagination still does not sufficiently perceive that prevention rather than cure is the real and ultimate goal of medical science, as many competent leaders of medical science in this discussion declare it to be."

In view of the fact that the foregoing conclusions represent the consensus of opinion of apparently a substantial cross section of the medical profession, considerable weight must be given to the information, but it should be pointed out that it does not necessarily coincide with the lay viewpoint in its entirety.

When for instance the medical men declare that a large percentage of the population does not receive adequate medical care "because the public generally does not understand and is not asking for modern scientific medical care," they are making a statement which is open to debate.

It could very well be argued that a substantial percentage of the public does not understand modern medical science, not because of any lack of desire to do so, but because there are yet too many doctors who adhere to the old-fashioned doctrine that the less the patient is told the better and it is not surprising if, under such circumstances, patients fall back on the too valuable quack for remedy.

In the minds of the public the practice of medicine is often too much shrouded in mystery which might be dispelled if more doctors took the patient into their confidence when making a diagnosis and wrote their prescriptions in a form which could be understood by a layman.

After all no person has a greater right to know what is wrong with him or her, to know what the doctor believes to be the cause of the ailment and the remedy that is being prescribed than the patient who is paying or "owing" for the service.

Sometimes a little more explanation of causes, conditions and treatment would create a greater public confidence which would yield dividends to the "regular" medical profession.

The father of Patrick Henry was born in Scotland. His mother was of Welsh descent.

The average mean temperature at Miami Beach is 75 degrees.

**BLACKHEADS**  
Don't squeeze blackheads—dissolve them. Get two grains of persulfate powder from any drug store and rub gently with wet, hot cloth over the blackheads. They simply dissolve and disappear by this safe and sure method. Have a Hollywood complexion.

### Honored By The King

Two officers who were in charge of police guarding the Duke of Windsor's Fort Belvedere country home during the days immediately preceding his abdication, were honored by the King at Buckingham Palace. They were Superintendent Curry and Sergeant Backhouse, and it was understood they received the Royal Victorian Order.

A violin is composed of 70 separate parts.

## Roads Of The World

Ford Has On Exhibit Materials From 18 Famous Highways

In the grounds of the Ford Rotunda at Dearborn, Michigan, the "Roads of the World," comprising materials from eighteen famous highways, has been opened to the public. The materials consist of stones, slabs and soil.

The dedication of the "roads" was witnessed by consular officers of countries represented in the roads, also many good roads officials.

Among the representations are the Apian Way, the famous Roman highway; the "Bumma" Palace Road over which the Manchu emperors rolled from the old capital in what is to-day modern Peking to the royal Summer Palace; the ancient Grand Trunk Road of India, whose northern reaches led through the famed Khyber Pass, and the Diamond Road of South Africa, over which Cecil Rhodes transported fortunes in diamonds from the De Beers mines to Port Elizabeth.

## Naval Treaty Ratified

Provisions Of 1936 London Agreement Have Become Effective

Provisions of the 1936 London naval treaty became effective with the ratification by the United Kingdom, Canada, Australia, New Zealand and India.

Instruments of ratification were deposited at the foreign office. Sir Robert Van Stittart, permanent under-secretary for foreign affairs, signed for the United Kingdom; Sir Findlater Stewart, permanent under-secretary for India, for India; High Commissioner Vincent Massey for Canada; High Commissioner Stanley Bruce for Australia; and High Commissioner W. J. Jordan for New Zealand.

The United States deposited ratification a year ago and France a few weeks ago. The treaty limits the size and armament but not the number of naval vessels and provides for an interchange of information regarding projected naval construction.

## Looks Like A Record

Remarkable Facts About Family Of 97-Year-Old Woman

Mrs. Anna Pond, of Watford, Ont., is 97 years of age. She reads a good deal, and prefers newspapers because they come fresh each day. Mrs. Pond has no time for worrying and cannot be convinced that it ever did any good anyway. If the weather is favorable this lady of 97 goes to church on Sunday and she also likes to attend Sunday school. What's more she walks. Both ways.

All of which is interesting but not so remarkable as other facts regarding her family. Mrs. Pond is the mother of 11 children and they are all living, and she herself is the eldest of a family of four and her two sisters and brother are also living, their ages being 89, 82 and 86.

We cannot resist having read or heard of another case like this. A woman of 97 with 11 children living, and with all her own generation still here.—Petersboro Examiner.

## Traffic Control For 'Planes

Vancouver Airport Has Installed Traffic Control Projector

Among recent additions to the Vancouver airport is an airport traffic control projector, one of the latest safety devices put on the market. Familiarly termed, "traffic guns," lights of this type are used at all the leading United States airports for day and night control of aircraft not equipped with radio.

Although fitted with only a 50 candlepower lamp, the light is visible in bright sunlight for over three miles. The light is sighted like a gun and can also be used for code signalling with white, red or green light, as a spotlight, and for making estimates of the cloud ceiling at night.

This "projector" is believed to be the first of its kind used in Canada and became necessary through the steady increase of traffic at the airport.—Canadian Aviation.

Heaven only knows where the motor-world is hastening to. It has been well described by a Chinese observer as "motion without motive."

A 260-pound hog will yield from 12 to 15 per cent. of its weight in cuts suitable for bacon.

## Large FLEET OWNERS find Firestone TIRES MOST ECONOMICAL



Large fleet owners who analyze tire costs to the fraction of a cent prefer Firestone Tires for their cost-cutting, carefree performance. You, too, will find them the safest, longest-wearing and most economical for your car.

With all their features for safe, long mileage, Firestone Tires do not cost one cent more than ordinary tires. See the nearest Firestone Dealer and replace worn tires today.

## Firestone HIGH SPEED TIRES



Life Savers and Coca-Cola Companies are two of the many big fleet owners which standardize on Firestones.



Safe for High Speeds because of Extra wide Tread and Gun-Dipped Safety Locked Cords

Safe for Quick Stoppage because of New Extra Wide Strip and Securely Locked Safety Tread

## Output Being Increased

New Equipment Has Been Installed At Ontario Radium Refinery

Dr. Marcel Pochon, director of the Ontario radium refinery at Port Hope, announced that the annual output at the refinery would be increased from one and a half ounces to four and one half (126 grams).

Dr. Pochon made the announcement following consultations with officials at the national research council at Ottawa, to which new equipment the refinery had purchased was sent for testing purposes.

The new equipment, Dr. Pochon said, would make it possible to supply some of the radium needs in the United States as well as in the British Empire which up to now has absorbed almost all the Canadian output.

Canada exported \$8,418,000 worth of zinc during 1935.

## Japan Using Wheat

Use Of Wheat Becoming More Popular Every Year

The use of wheat flour bread becomes more popular in Japan every year. It is estimated 42 per cent. of wheat flour consumed is used for bread and cakes of various sorts, as compared with 35 per cent. three years ago. The Japanese are fond of macaroni and formerly about 50 per cent. of the flour was consumed in that way, but it is estimated to have decreased now to some 38 per cent. The chemical industry's use of flour has increased from 10 per cent. to 15 per cent. The remaining five per cent. is used in miscellaneous ways.

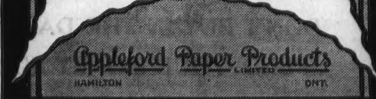
While the bulk of bread consumed is white, whole wheat is gaining in favor. An interesting feature is the experiment recently made by one of the biggest bakeries in Tokyo of turning out oatmeal bread. This quickly became popular and the bakery can barely fill the demand.



## Cut Down Food Wastage

By covering all perishable goods with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper, Para-Sani moisture-proof texture will keep them fresh until you are ready to use them.

You'll find the Para-Sani sanitary knife-edged carton handy. Or use "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form for less exacting uses. At grocers, druggists, stationers.



Warehouses at Calgary, Regina and Winnipeg



# Debate Question Of Rapid Pace Of Invention Being Cause Of Unemployment

No light summer reading was the 450,000-word document which President Roosevelt took with him on his week-end cruise down the Potomac. The bulky treatise was entitled "Technological Trends and National Policy, Including the Social Implications of New Inventions." Under the direction of Sociologist William Fielding Ogburn, of the University of Chicago, the report had been prepared by a sub-committee of the science committee of the National Resources Committee.

Whether the pace of invention and technological improvement is beneficial or harmful to society as a whole, is a large subject which lends itself to long-winded disputes and has already been debated to a frazzle. Secretary Wallace has warned Science that it had better consider taking a holiday. Scientists, including "Cutey" Milliken, M. I. T.'s Karl Taylor Compton and Bell Telephone's Frank Baldwin Jewett have retorted that Science makes jobs by creating new industries.

One of the most telling thrusts which defenders of Science have made against the bogey of "technological unemployment" is that after a half century of sweeping technological advance, a higher percentage of the U.S. population was gainfully employed in 1929 (40 per cent.) than in 1880 (34 per cent.).

The National Resources Committee was established by an Administration order in July, 1934. It was allotted \$600,000 from the Emergency Relief Act appropriations of 1935. Professor Ogburn's sub-committee was told off to appraise current technological trends and their probable impact on society. This group included President Frank Ray Lillie, of the National Academy of Sciences, President John Campbell Merriam, of the Carnegie Institution, President Edward Charles Elliott, of Purdue University, a handful of economists, educators and one mathematician.

The sub-committee admitted that "invention is a great disturber," but also agreed with the defenders of Science that it creates new industries. Professor Ogburn suggested that if in 1900 the U.S. had had national planners who foresaw the development of the telephone, the airplane, the cinema, the automobile, the radio and the rayon industry, the pattern of society today might be different from what it is.

The report recommended establishment of a board which would keep track of developments in order to foresee the sociological impacts of 13 new technologies which seem to be gathering headway for a booming future. The 13:

- (1) Synthetic rubber.
- (2) Automobile trailers.
- (3) Plastics.
- (4) Artificial cotton and woolen like fibres from cellulose.
- (5) Prefabricated houses.
- (6) The mechanical cotton picker.
- Most successful of such pickers is the machine devised by John D. and Mack Hunt Jr., Tennessee, social-minded brothers who are resolved to cushion the impact of the machine on Southern labor but are selling and demonstrating their pickers in Soviet Russia. "After several demonstrations U.S. cotton men are still divided as to the Hunt picker's practicability.
- (7) Air conditioning. This is commonly touted as the next big job-making industry. The Ogburn committee also pointed out that it may affect industrial distribution in hot sections of the U.S.
- (8) Television. Arrived at a satisfactory technical stage, but fearful of taking the economic plunge.
- (9) Gasoline produced from coal. The process (hydrogenation) employs high heat and pressure, has already made a start in Germany and England, remains in the experimental stage in the U.S. which has oceans of oil.
- (10) Facsimile transmission: The art of "transmitting" photographs, drawings or printed messages by radio. In the RCA-Victor method, a radio-controlled scribe recreates the image by moving a strip of carbon-backed paper. RCA-Victor

spokesmen have painted the possibility of radio newspapers, transmitted during the night, awaiting the reader by his bedside when he wakes up in the morning.

(11) Steep-flight airplanes. Craft able to take off from, or land on small areas such as flat roofs in the hearts of cities.

(12) Tractor agriculture: The technique of growing plants in tanks of water containing nutrient chemicals. Dr. William Frederick Gerick, University of California, has shown that lush crops can be grown in tanks without interference from drought, floods, freezing, erosion, insect pests, soil exhaustion.

(13) Photoelectric cells: The "electric eye" which opens doors, sorts out defective products on factory conveyors, keeps elevator doors open until passengers are in or out. "This will cause unemployment is obvious, but it will also lighten the tasks of the workmen. Indeed it brings the automatic factor closer. It may be used to regulate automobile traffic, to measure the density of smoke, to time horse racing, to read, to perform mathematical calculations."

For its point of view in time, the Ogburn committee declared itself thus: "It has been thought best to focus on the near future, which is defined as the next 20 years; but any blindness that cut off sharply the present, the more distant future, or even the recent past, would mean an inadequate investigation..."—*Magazine Time.*

## Seu Up Heart

British Surgeons Perform Remarkable Operation On Young Mountain Worker

A month after surgeons had twice removed his heart to close stab wounds, Harold Aldridge, 23-year-old mountain worker, was back at his job filling skulls.

The story is told in the medical journal, *The Lancet*, by Dr. William Giesse and Dr. Bodo Schulenberg, surgeons, who performed the operation.

The lung covering was opened and a wound found in the envelope which encloses the heart. This envelope was opened but nothing could be seen of the heart.

One surgeon placed his hand inside the envelope and gently levered out the heart, which beat steadily. A wound three-quarters of an inch long was found and sewn up while the first surgeon still held the pulsating heart in his hands. The heart was then replaced.

To their dismay the heart envelope again filled with blood as one surgeon again put his left hand inside the heart envelope and traced a second stab wound with his finger and the operation was repeated.

In six days Aldridge got out of bed and walked 40 yards. In 28 days he was discharged.

## Women On The Land

Form Large Per Cent. Of Agricultural Workers In Wales

At a time when men are increasingly deserting the farm for the factory it is interesting that in Wales women are working on the land in increasing numbers.

The Advisory Council for Technical Education in South Wales and Monmouthshire now engaged on a survey of the main industries with a view to planning education for vocations reveals that 6,370 women and girls are regularly employed, 965 casually on agricultural holdings of one acre and upwards in the region.

## Fleet Air Arm

### New To Be Under Control Of The British Admiralty

Prime Minister Chamberlain announced in the House of Commons that the fleet air arm—Great Britain's naval air force—henceforth will be under the "administrative control of the Admiralty."

Henceforth planes attached to the fleet have been under dual control. When at sea they have been subject to the orders of the naval authorities. On land and in training establishments the Air Ministry has exercised jurisdiction.

Anomalous position of the fleet air arm for long has been the subject of controversy, and partisans of the navy have waged a strenuous campaign to obtain full control for the Admiralty.

The Prime Minister declared the decision did not reflect on the present condition of the fleet air arm but had been reached because the government believed the lines laid down in the announcement would be the most satisfactory arrangement for the future.

A leader in the navy's fight for full control by the Admiralty of the fleet air arm has been Admiral of the Fleet Sir Robert Keyes, M.P. In a recent speech he declared:

"There is nothing more important than for the navy to be equipped with an air force second to none. I and others are fighting very hard to get the navy given absolute freedom to develop its air force in the way it thinks necessary."

"The present system is absolutely illogical. If our fleet must meet one with better air force equipment, that probably would decide the issue of the battle. Yet the navy to-day has no control over its air force until it is actually embarked."

## The Canada Thistle

Not Native To This Country, But Was Introduced From Europe

The Canada thistle which is overrunning a large part of the North American continent is not Canadian at all, a fact of which farmers in the United States are unaware when they heap maledictions on its intrusions into their fields. The Canada thistle was introduced from Europe. Some of the plants bear male flowers only, which form no seeds; other plants are female and all seed. The flowers of the Canada thistle vary in colour, ranging from pale purple through shades of pink to white.

## Owner Had The Key

A little story of church attendance—or the contrary. A clergyman on holiday down in the west of England went into a village barber's for a haircut, and during the operation the turn of the conversation led him to ask the barber whether he belonged to church or chapel.

"Well, sir," was the reply, "I can't really say as I go to either, but it's church I steps away from."

Every automobile accident concerns every motorist. It affects the rate of his automobile insurance.

## Matched Crochet for Bedroom or Bath



Wouldn't your bathroom be a brighter spot with the addition of a colorful two-tone rug and matching towel border? Choose gay rugs, rug runners, or hand-knitting for this stunning rug with flower motif—and a matching border for a matching towel, or if it's a "throw" rug for your bed, choose a rug with a matching border. In pattern 5752 you will find complete instructions and charts for making the rug, towel band and skirt scarf; an illustration of these and of the stitches used. Material requirements, color suggestions.

To obtain this pattern, send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred), to Household Arts Dept., Winslow Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. N., Minneapolis.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

# American Engineer Pictures Motor Roads Constructed For Traffic In Year 1960

## Welcomed in Japan

Object Of Helen Keller's Visit Was To Help Blind

Helen Keller—whom all the world knows as the child, deaf and blind since infancy, who became a highly educated woman and writer and speaker of distinction—was accorded a warm welcome during her recent visit to Japan, according to letters received from missionaries of the United Church, Miss Constance Chapell and Miss Isabel Govenlock, stationed in Japan.

The trip was originally planned by a small group of Japanese educators of the blind, but her visit assumed a nation-wide importance—Government, people and the Emperor and Empress welcomed her.

There are 67,000 blind folk in Japan and Miss Keller's immediate objective was to introduce into the Orient the newly perfected "talking book," a photographic lavation, and otherwise help in other ways. She had two interpreters—a Miss Thompson, her helper, and Dr. Iwahashi, a blind professor, who received his Ph.D. in Edinburgh after blindness overtook him. Although she spoke at many gatherings, Helen Keller was most at home in Christian groups.

## Quota For British Films

British Government Decides To Continue The Ten-Year Quota Plan

The Imperial government has decided to continue the 10-year quota for British films. Unless some action was taken the quota system would lapse next March 31.

The quota system is aimed at stimulating production of British films by imposing an obligation on renters of films and exhibitors to show a certain proportion known as a quota during each year.

The government's plans, which are embodied in legislation, further aim to improve the quality of British films. (Under the government's proposals a renter is a person who acquires films from the producer. He distributes copies to the exhibitor for exhibition of movies)

## Owner Had The Key

Police Sergeant Edward F. Tucker, off duty, strolled out of a restaurant in Newark, N.J., and saw a young man trying to start a car. "What's the matter, Bud?" he asked. "Can't get it started." "The ignition key is not in the lock," said the sergeant politely. "I haven't got it," said the young man. "I have," said Tucker. "It's my car." So to jail.

When the skin is moist, the resistance to electricity is greatly decreased and serious shock may result from the low voltage.

On what kind of roads will motorists of 1960 travel? Charles F. Kettering sketched the highway system of the future for the American Society of Civil Engineers in Detroit recently, and drew a picture of a land laid out for speedier travel on wheels. It has its disconcerting aspects to those appalled by nearly 40,000 fatalities yearly in motor accidents. Yet Mr. Kettering was convincing in his argument that cities, and suburbs of the future will solve highway safety problems that now perplex us. He does not, however, attempt to guess how airplanes will affect the solution.

He said that by 1960, roads must be provided for 50 per cent. more vehicles than now are registered. In the decade preceding 1929 the number of motor vehicles increased 250 per cent. The population movement appears to be away from large cities. Mr. Kettering holds that traffic congestion and parking problems will quicken this movement; that "ribbon" cities may develop an almost continuous urban life on both sides of a trunk highway; that men may live in the country 50 miles from their work and commute on high-speed trunk highways; that cities of the future may require webs of elevated and underground roads to carry the heavier traffic; that many miles of highways between populous communities will be lighted economically and other means used to reduce hazards of night driving.

Highway programs must be drawn up in anticipation of a steady increase in motor bus traffic, and an increasing use of trailers will hasten the widening of highways and bridges and provision of better parking facilities for family trucks.

As fascinating as this engineer's vision of the highways of the future is it may depress taxpayers who consider the present condition of roads throughout the country.

## King Solomon's Mines

One Of The Workings Located On Edge Of The Arabian Desert

Old King Solomon wasn't so much a gold miner as a "gold hunter" to light with the prospecting of one of the famous King Solomon's mines. It is at Saudi, on the edge of the Arabian desert, and it has been taken over by a combination of British and American mining men. The mine is evidently one of the famed string which supplied King Solomon with all the gold for the glittering display of wealth with which he outshined the Queen of Sheba and other persons who fitted across the pages of the Old Testament. The mines have been located by students of ancient lore as being all the way from the Urals in Russia to Rhodesia in South Africa. And, as the Arabian desert is so barren, it should be well to line as one of Solomon's stores of riches.

However, present day miners don't think a great deal of Solomon's mining men. They have been looking in to the workings and they find the ore in the mine should assay at \$20 per ton. But there are a lot of tailings which have been left by the ancient miners of King Solomon's day. And, the present day miners find these tailings can be sold to the smelter and with assay at \$14 per ton. So that for every ton of gold mined, King Solomon took out only \$6 worth, left the other \$14 worth as tailings.

—Winslow Star.

A recent English invention is the egg-opener, which lifts the top off a boiled egg without damaging the yolk.

Moreover, Russia, has only five telephones for every 100 inhabitants.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Spanish insurgent administration issued a diplomatic note stating that the Holy See had recognized the insurgent junta as the legitimate government of Spain.

William Downing of Kitchener, Ont., was elected president of Canadian Florists and Gardeners' Association at the annual convention at Montreal.

Laura Miller Dunsmuir, 80-year-old widow of Hon. James Dunsmuir, former premier and lieutenant-governor of British Columbia, died at Victoria recently after a lingering illness.

Income tax collections for the first four months of current fiscal year totalled \$86,455,388, a gain of \$13,972,214 over the corresponding period last year, a statement from Revenue Minister J. L. Talbot said.

An inscribed bronze sword, dated about 800 B.C., and dredged from the river, has been given to Lord Desborough by the Thames Conservancy Board of which he was chairman for many years.

Gwynne Johns, 27-year-old former clerk, claimed a new world record for a delayed parachute jump. He leaped from a plane at 22,400 feet over Salisbury Plain and said he fell 18,000 feet before pulling the ripcord.

Muted bells for conductors are being placed on buses in London, the bells instead of being exposed being situated in a panel behind the driver, only a small volume of sound issuing.

For two years aide-de-camp to Lord Desborough, former Governor General of Canada, Michael Adams has been appointed assistant private secretary to the King. When at Eton he was a page to George V. He is 28.

More radio sets are in use in Great Britain, in proportion than in any of the major countries of the world. Britain has 8,234,000 licenses in force, equivalent to one radio set to every 5.4 inhabitants.

Colonial Secretary William Ormsby-Gore indicated to the League of Nations mandates commission that the British government blamed outside influence for the Arab-Jew dispute that swept Palestine last year.

## Seagram Gold Cup

International Golf Match At Toronto September 7

Preparations are almost completed for the first international team match between the Professional Golfers' Associations of the United States and Canada. This match will be played at the St. Andrew's Club, Toronto, on Tuesday, September 7, and will be almost similar to the Ryder cup matches between the United States and Great Britain. The latter is decided by four foursomes and eight singles, each over 36 holes, while the U.S. Canada match will be decided in one day. There will be ten singles and five four-ball matches.

The U.S. has already won one international team match this year, defeating Great Britain in the Ryder cup, at Southport, England, and there will be but one or two changes in that team. In all probability a couple of foreign-born pros will be added to the U.S. Ryder cup team.

The Canadian P.G.A. has decided that the first five players in the Canadian professional championship will be invited to be members of the team. This championship was decided at the Ottawa Hunt Club over the 72 hole round during the third week in August. The other five places will be filled by players selected on their performances in other competitions during this and past seasons. It will be seen that both the United States and Canada will be represented by their strongest possible teams, and therefore, the field for the Canadian open championship will be exceptionally strong. The team match will be a great curtain-raiser for the 72 hole struggle for the Canadian title, the Seagram Gold Cup, and the first prize of \$1,000.

Last year the Seagram Gold Cup was won by Leonard Little playing in his first season after leaving the amateur ranks. It would be a feather in any amateur's cap to finish well up in this year's strong field for the Canadian open title and the trophy, one of the finest rewards in golf throughout the world.

Health  
LEAGUE  
OF  
CANADA  
presents  
TOPICS  
OF  
VITAL  
INTEREST  
by Dr. J. W. S. McCULLOUGHARTICLE No. 5  
EARLY SIGNS OF CANCER

There is nothing so important to the man or woman of 35 years and over, as a knowledge of the early signs of cancer. Such knowledge is readily acquired by the average person of intelligence. What are the early signs of cancer?

Pain is not an early sign of cancer. It is a great pity that all beginning cancers of a chronic nature, difficulty in swallowing, change of regular habits in respect to digestion or movement of the bowels.

A familiar example of a lump that may be a cancer is one appearing in the breast of a woman. Such a lump should be discovered by the woman herself when it is the size of a pea. Often the woman does find the lump at this stage, but through modesty, fear of some reason, she says nothing about it until the lump is as large as a walnut or until other lumps appear under the arm-pit.

Irregular bleedings may appear from any of the crises of the body. Especially significant are bleedings occurring in woman a year or more following the menopause. Persistent sores are frequently seen on face and hands, on the lips, on the tongue, inside the mouth or throat. They are manifested in black or yellow scales on the faces of elderly men and women; they occasionally appear in the character of an over-head wound, in what is called a keloid. Not all of them are cancerous, but some are pre-cancerous conditions. They are plain to be seen. All of us who are observant, see these early signs every day of our lives. Chronic hoarseness is usually due to syphilis, tuberculosis or cancer of the larynx. Difficulty in swallowing frequently means cancer of the oesophagus or swallowing tube.

The person who previously has had excellent digestion begins to have dyspepsia, or the chronic sufferer from indigestion who shows a marked change of habit in this condition, may have early cancer. Similarly the persons who becomes constipated after a life of regular bowel habits or who becomes the subject of diarrhoea, may have cancer of the bowel as a cause. All these early signs of cancer merit and should have the closest investigation.

Next article, "Early Signs of Cancer Call for Prompt Action."

Editorial Note: Readers desiring the complete set of Dr. McCullough's cancer articles at once may secure same by writing to—The Health League of Canada, 105 Road St., Toronto, Ont.

## Lighted Highways

Lighting Carried Out On Extensive Scale In United States

Highway lighting has been carried out on an extensive scale in the United States and is said to be producing wonderful results. It is a well-known fact that the bulk of motor accidents occur at night and it is claimed that lighted highways play an important part in cutting down the accident totals.

One recognizes, of course, that it would cost a good deal of money to illuminate Ontario's highway system. At the same time ample supplies of cheap power are available, and the motoring public, through taxation, is contributing plenty of cash to make the improvement possible.

The rotor that keeps your electric clock running requires only slightly more than 1,000,000,000 of one horsepower. And uses only about 75 cents worth of electricity a year 2215

## Takes Outstanding Pictures

Kansas Girl Spends Weeks Getting Shots Of Wild Duck

Though a hapless shot with a gun, and faced with conditions that would daunt the hardest duck hunter, vivacious Lorne Squire, official photographer for the American Wild Life Institute, thinks nothing of spending three weeks in a soggy marsh waiting for one good camera "shot" of a wild duck.

Tanned to a deep bronze by a month's outing in northern Saskatchewan, where she obtained many bird life photos, Miss Squire recently passed through Winnipeg on her way to northern Manitoba marsh areas.

"It has always been my ambition to come to Canada to see the ducks in their nesting grounds. Now I have, and have some good pictures of baby ducks swimming about on the water," Miss Squire said.

Her career as a photographer started ten years ago when she was when she went duck hunting with her father and mother. "I was pretty terrible with a gun, so I began shooting with a camera." The result has been a series of outstanding pictures of wild life on the wing.

"It's hard work," said the young Kansan. "About only five out of a hundred pictures are successful. I spend days in the darkroom getting the effect I want." She uses a two minute reflex with 15 centimeter telephoto lenses.

The young girl, a graduate of Kansas University, came to Canada as the result of communications with the officers of the Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba Game and Fish Associations. She intended to spend about a month in Manitoba before travelling westward again to the Fort Chipewyan area.

MAKE THIS MODEL AT HOME—KEEPS YOU SLIM 'N' TRIM

By Anne Adams



And now for a slimming bit of magic to keep your busy homemaker looking smart from neck-up to navel! Where is the "thirty-four to forty-eight" who wouldn't welcome a little extra-sock that fits flatter to the figure as it is easy to make! You've plenty of comfort, too, in the brief, shapely, flat, turtleneck, and buttoned-front that's fastened in a jiffy. And don't overlook that little extra-sock that's as useful as it is ornamental! For fabric, you need not select a colorful material, sturdy gingham or cotton broadcloth? Make up several versions.

Pattern 4363 is available in women's sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48. Size 36 requires 5 yards, 46 inch fabric cut straight down the fold. Sewing instructions included.

Send twenty cents (20c) in coin or stamps (stamps preferred) to: Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg.

A London book store, said to be the world's largest, carries 2,000,000 books in stock and operates 50 circulating libraries.

THE CANADIAN ADVENTURE  
TRIP OF BOB SIM, AN  
ONTARIO FARM BOY

No. 8 of a Series of 16 Letters

Has three male companions and is travelling at sea again! Experiences a storm at Thunder Bay which ruins breakfast. Callander and I beat Daddy Dionne out of three autographs; see the mines in the North and the great waterfalls. On, on, on, Bob and his companions go. Are you travelling with him? Follow these stories and see what he thinks of our country.

North Shore of Lake Superior, (Special Despatch by Bob Sim). Here we are, four automobile voyagers, perched on the edge of this greatest of all lakes, by name Superior. Last night we drove till dark then pulled into this cove. Deep down a rocky gorge the dark waters of some nameless river poured with violence from the foot of a thirty-foot cascade into this great blue inland sea. We climbed down the rocks to the water's edge, cooked supper and made camp for the night.

We went to sleep in the deep woods with a feeling of isolation, with the thought of something terrible in our ears. At four in the morning we awoke alarmed in terror with the sound of a multitude of voices in our ears. It was a fine contrast of Beauty and the Beast. We cooked breakfast, a coffee of portulaca, beet eggs, and coffee, with the angry beasts about us. Then one of those sudden changes of mind came over me. I thought of the name, descended upon us, without warning, to seek our bed. Newbold's lines, reminding us of Newbold's lines:

"Sure if misery man could vex,  
"Then it beat on our benumbed necks."

The Trip So Far

From Toronto we went to Kingston, then to Duluth, following the Ottawa River up to Petawawa to strike west from there to North Bay. Callander and I then followed the Canadian voyageurs as they paddled their great freight canoes laden with furs and goods from Montreal to the heart of the continent. When we reached Port William we will rejoin the route and follow it to Winnipeg. At Callander we visited the quiniplets. At Sudbury we spent some time visiting the mines and smelters. We saw logs turned into newspaper at Sault Ste. Marie, and crossed over to the north shore of Lake Huron which was the starting point of the trans-Canada Highway is not completed on the north shore of Lake Huron. From there we came back to Canada striking the trans-Canada Highway at Port William and Port Arthur. Then it was westward ho, and it's to the mighty west we're bound.

A Glimpse At Quinipatland

Callander three years ago slept on the east shore of Lake Nipissing, a sawmill, a station, a filling station, a church or two, and a quiet, efficient little town. The quiniplets came and this little grey headed doctor saved their lives. To-day Callander, home of the world's most famous babies, is the world's most famous village. It has several millionaires, a hospital, a garage, five gallons of gasoline, a thriving hotel, and a number of tourist homes. Visitors have their pictures taken in front of the white picket fence of the babies' doctor. A few miles east of Callander there is a French community, on poor soil land with gaunt, miserable buildings. To-day the highway runs to the foot of the step of the Dionne home around which has grown a very healthy mushroom. This mushroom includes the Dafoe hospital, with a special gallery where visitors may see the babies but not be seen. A five-acre field provides parking space; a boy sells lucky pebbles from the Dionne farm, another lad collects twenty-five cents from those who want their pictures taken in his ox cart; Daddy Dionne has a store, forty by fifty in size, and busy as a land office. Daddy himself, once a French-Canadian farmer two jumps ahead of the wolf, sits in a curtained room and collects twenty-five cents for his autograph.

"What about the babies, you say? Well, I am but a mere man. They were just five healthy, energetic, good-looking, very mischievous, charming, all very wealthy. Do you know a fairy story more preposterous and more grotesque, more absurd, than the story of these five little French-Canadian ladies who stole the hearts of the world?"

I'm glad I went.

The North Land

The North of Ontario is no vast that compasses the South side of a cluster of villages. Railroad and highway cut across it here and there like a knife and create an immense barrier. There is a mark here and there, a slight dent on a vast stretch of rock-strewn land, also a rich land. Bare little villages grow up here and there as men go

about the business of cutting timber and extracting minerals. We did not go underground but we saw the smelting operations. Nickel, very rich in demand, is the chief product of the mines. Wages are high, men are being hired every day, and the mines are being worked at a slum, compared to Annapolis Royal in Nova Scotia. In an area of about twenty or thirty thousand people are crowded into one whole family crowded into one room. Children play in the street, the library would be small for a village. But it is growing at the rate of three thousand a year, and houses are as scarce as trees in China. Some day it will mature, acquiring libraries and playgrounds; to-day it is a real mining town.

On To Winnipeg  
At Winnipeg we will get our first mail since leaving home. We will get our shirts washed, have a bath, sleep in a bed, then strike west. On and on our auto goes. And where we'll land nobody knows.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON  
AUGUST 15  
GOD GIVES LAWS TO A NATION

Golden text: Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, with all thy soul, and with all thy mind. . . . Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself. Matthew 22:37-39.

Lesson: Exodus 19:1-20:21.

Devotional reading: Psalm 19:7-14.

Explanations And Comments

The Preface to the Commandments, Exodus 20:1, 2. God spoke all these words, and he said, "These words" The Ten Commandments, or Decalogue from the two Greek words "deka," meaning ten, and "logos," meaning a word. The knowledge of these religious and moral principles which we know that they should not worship idols and should not kill—but here at Sinai they learned that these principles were from God.

Exodus 20:1. And God spake all these words, saying, I am Jehovah thy God, who brought thee out of the land of Egypt, out of the house of bondage.

Thou shalt have no other gods before me.

Thou shalt not make unto thee a graven image, nor any likeness of anything that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth: thou shalt not bow down thyself unto them, nor serve them; for I Jehovah thy God am a jealous God, visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children, upon the third and fourth generation of them that hate me, and showing lovingkindness unto thousands of them that love me and keep my commandments.

Thou shalt not take the name of Jehovah thy God in vain; for Jehovah will not hold him guiltless that taketh his name in vain.

Remember the sabbath day, to keep it holy. Six days did Jehovah labor, and so did all thy work; 10 but the seventh day is a sabbath unto Jehovah: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, thy man-servant, nor thy maid-servant, nor thy cattle, nor thy ass, nor any of thy beasts that are within thy gates: 11 for in six days Jehovah made heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh day: wherefore Jehovah blessed the sabbath day, and hallowed it.

12 Honor thy father and thy mother, that thy days may be long in the land which Jehovah thy God giveth thee.

13 Thou shalt not kill.

14 Thou shalt not commit adultery.

15 Thou shalt not steal.

16 Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor.

17 Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's house, thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's wife, nor his man-servant, nor his maid-servant, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor anything that is thy neighbor's.

Some Compensation

Archbishop Of Canterbury Receives Kind Letter From Old Lady

An explanation for the popular conception he had "fumbled" the crown during the coronation ceremony was made by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Archbishop of the Society of Knights Bachelor.

The Archbishop declared: "I could make a most sincere apology for that performance, but it brought some compensation in the form of a letter from an old lady who said the most beautiful thing in the coronation was to see the dear Archbishop blessing the four corners of the crown before he put it on the King's head."

Panulium, a rare metal worth \$2,500 a ton, has been discovered near Darwin, Australia.

Some who change their minds find they don't turn out any better.



## WOULD UTILIZE BANKING SYSTEM FOR SOCIAL CREDIT

Edmonton, Alta.—The Aberhart government had legislation before the Alberta house designed to utilize the existing banking system to provide Social Credit.

The first step, revealed by Provincial Treasurer Solon Low as he introduced two bills, will be to license all bankers in Alberta. A deadline of two weeks from assent to the legislation will be set for obtaining such licenses.

Another bill, also sponsored by the provincial treasurer, was designed to close the courts of Alberta to all bankers who refused to take out licenses in the province. It stipulated that any unlicensed banker should not be "capable of bringing, maintaining or defending any action in any court of civil jurisdiction in the province which has for its object the enforcement of any claim either in law or equity."

Then, starting with the Social Credit government's own two per cent sales tax, taxation in Alberta will be abolished and the government's revenues replaced by contributions of credit from the banks. That is the gist of Mr. Low's remarks to the house, when he announced the sales tax would end September 1.

Significant phrase from a written statement read by Mr. Low was: "whether the banks furnish the money willingly or otherwise, it will cost them nothing."

Mr. Low said his proposals were based on "the technique of Douglas social dynamics." Tax remission was the first step to the issue of a dividend. "A tax is a dividend in reverse."

Premier Aberhart also made a statement, saying: "The government's legislation will in no way rob the banks of anything whatsoever, nor can it possibly interfere with the way in which they order their business." There should be no anxiety on the part of any one, he said, "our whole purpose is to arrange that, if the people desire things which they can produce, or obtain by exchange, then they shall be able to secure and enjoy them."

The first bill introduced by Mr. Low, entitled "an act to provide for the regulation of the monetization of the credit of the province of Alberta," provides mainly for control of bankers by licensing. It is bill No. 6 of the special session now sitting. It does not indicate that the purpose of controlling bankers is to force them to supply credit on the demand of the government, or its agency the Social Credit board. The purpose was revealed only in Mr. Low's remarks announcing the progressive abolition of taxation.

Bill No. 6 outlines an arrangement for establishing a local directorate of five members over every operating bank branch in Alberta. The effect of this would be to sever banks operating in the province from head office policy.

The limitations of the British North America Act, which vested jurisdiction over banks with the federal parliament, is presumably overcome by the new Social Credit legislation by directing control at "bankers," rather than "banks." Throughout, bill No. 6 uses the term "bankers," though it is defined as meaning either a person or corporation.

## Opens Arctic Hospital

Lord Tweedsmuir Also Inspected The Forty-Eight Bed Building  
Akivik, N.W.T.—Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor-General of Canada, visiting this western Arctic capital, opened the new All Saints' hospital here.

Greeted by the Rt. Rev. A. L. Fleming, Anglican Bishop of the Arctic, who calls himself "Archibald of the Arctic," His Excellency inspected the 48-bed hospital.

Lord Tweedsmuir also attended interesting ceremony at All Saints' church, which is under construction. He hammered a nail into the middle step of the chancel. It was the only nail driven into the chancel by a white man.

## B.C. Mine Accident

Seventeen Men Injured When Hoist Drops 400 Feet

Princeton, B.C.—Seventeen injured men, broken and bruised when a hoist cage plunged 400 feet to the bottom of a shaft at Copper Mountain mine, were brought into Princeton on a work train.

Two men suffered broken backs and others were less seriously hurt when the cage, taking the men out at the end of their shift, fell to the mine bottom.

Mike Cvetkovich, of Princeton, was not expected to live. His back was fractured and he suffered severe leg injuries.

Harold Hart of Anyox, B.C., also with a broken back and leg injuries, was expected to recover, although his condition was described as "serious" at Princeton hospital.

Three others had leg fractures while the rest were less seriously hurt.

Archie McLean of Anyox, who suffered a compound fracture of the left leg, described the accident as "an awful mess."

It was 10 minutes after the cage fell before the rescue squad, headed by Tom Waterland, mine safety engineer, extricated them, McLean said.

A. S. Baillie, vice-president and general manager of the Granby Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company, operators of the mine, said he understood a crystallized bolt caused the accident.

The mine, with a capacity production of 3,000 tons daily, had been reopened last June 1 after lying idle for seven years.

P. Biggs, British Columbia resident mine inspector, said preliminary investigation showed the cage dropped "about 400 feet in the 800-foot shaft."

He attributed the fall to a broken bolt in the hoist-house.

"The cable didn't break," he said. "The cable remained attached to the cage but the braces failed to hold."

This, he said, broke the force of the fall.

Biggs said the machinery in the hoist shaft was "in first class condition."

## Ruthless Warfare

American Writer Gives Some Side-Lights On Chinese Situation

Peiping.—An American writer and his 70 Biggs, British Columbia resident mine inspector, said preliminary investigation showed the cage dropped "about 400 feet in the 800-foot shaft."

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Lamb, of Washington, had been isolated in the temple, northwest of Peiping, since the outbreak of Chinese-Japanese hostilities in the area.

Lamb said:

"A Japanese motorized brigade came in from Manchoukuo. They had hundreds of tanks. They went through the Chinese troops like a scythe through wheat."

"We saw them bombard Hsiyuan, but they didn't stop with that. Their aeroplanes zoomed over, spitting machine-gun bullets at helpless Chinese there and in nearby villages."

"Saturday, Japanese troops invaded my compound. The American flag was flying over it, but they paid no attention to that."

"They took our food and anything they thought might be valuable, including \$300 mex."

## Vancouver Airport

Federal Grant To Be Increased This Year To \$70,000

Vancouver.—Alderman H. D. Wilson said he had been assured by Dominion Transport Minister C. D. Howe that the federal grant to Vancouver for improvement of airport facilities would be increased this year from \$50,000 to \$70,000.

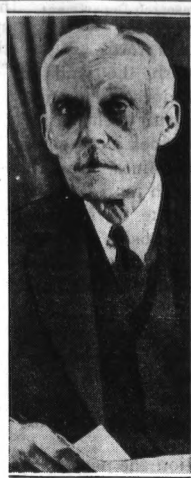
Alderman Wilson also said he had been informed by the minister the city would receive another \$50,000 next year, and \$40,000 in 1939.

(This total of \$160,000 is the full amount of Vancouver's request for federal assistance in improving airport facilities. Vancouver is western terminus of Trans-Canada Air Lines.)

## Crash-Proof Autogyro

Bremen, Germany.—A new autogyro which stands perfectly still in the air, starts and lands vertically, and is described as crash-proof, has been successfully tried out by the Focke-Wulf Aircraft Company here.

## MELLON ILL



Multi-millionaire Andrew W. Mellon, of Pittsburgh, has been seriously ill for some weeks at his Washington apartment with a cardiac condition. Mr. Mellon, who is 82 years of age, is a former secretary of the United States Treasury.

## To Stop Court Tests

Bill Is Introduced In Alberta Legislature

Edmonton.—An attempt to stop court tests of Alberta legislation was made when Attorney-General John Huggill introduced a bill in the provincial legislature.

The bill, one of the most far-reaching in Canadian history, would require the permission of the Alberta government if the constitutionality of any law was attacked in a court. It applies, of course, only to the courts of Alberta and would not stop a test case in the supreme court of Canada.

Direct appeals can be made to the supreme court by leave of the court. This is one of its functions specified in statutes. The federal government often refers constitutional questions direct without having the case heard in a lower court.

## China Plans Blockade

Foochow, China.—Port authorities here were reported to have arranged to sink ships in the mouth of the Ming River on a blockade against a feared Japanese naval attack.

## FASHIONS IN THE ROCKIES



In all the glories which surrounded the redmen of 1877, Chief Jacob Two-Young-Man surveys the mountains which his father roamed in absolute freedom as a boy. He is shown in the costume which brought him first prize during the Banff Indian Day celebrations, which featured a commemorative luncheon between chieftains of five Western tribes who signed the Government treaty of peace in 1877, abolishing all tribal wars.

## Western Crop Report

Harvesting Becoming General In Prairie Provinces

Ottawa.—Crops are maturing rapidly over the prairies and with harvesting already started the 1937 season will probably equal the record for earliness established a year ago, said a crop report issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics.

No material change is apparent in the general situation from last week, the report stated.

Heavy rains have caused considerable lodging of grain in southern Manitoba. Except for late fields, rust will not seriously affect the wheat crop in that province since the infection developed too late to cause much damage.

"The outlook for the province is expected to be above average," the report said.

Some further deterioration has occurred in crops in northeastern Saskatchewan as a result of continued dry weather while in the northwest corner, recent rains have stimulated late crops and improved feed prospects. At best, wheat yields in the province will be low with a great part of the acreage yielding nothing but feed.

Crops are maturing rapidly in Alberta where July rains replenished falling moisture reserves and gave new life to crops which showed little promise beforehand. While yields will be below average, fairly good commercial crops are in prospect over much of the province.

Hail has caused losses at a number of points in the three provinces and while serious in localised areas, the damage on the whole has not been unduly heavy. Grasshoppers, army worms and wheat stem sawflies have all taken toll of crops with a possibility of the latter doing considerable damage in southern and east-central Alberta.

With harvesting fairly general throughout the province, Manitoba crops will soon be beyond danger of further menace from rust, insect pests, or inclement weather conditions.

## Barricades Of Peace

Britain's Diplomacy May Avert Another European War

London.—On the 23rd anniversary of war Great Britain is pushing her efforts to build up barricades of peace. While defensive rearmament continues apace, the nation's leaders seek through diplomacy to avert another European holocaust.

More than 122 blast furnaces throughout the country are in full production, turning out steel for warships and guns. Urgent appeals for scrapiron have been issued and an intensified campaign is being waged from attic to garbage can to salvage the now precious metal.

## QUEBEC LABOR TROUBLES AFFECT STEEL WORKERS

Montreal.—As violence flared again in Quebec's six-city textile strike, labor trouble sent more than 1,000 men on a walkout in another of the province's industries—the steel plants of Sorel.

The steel workers, an estimated 1,200 members of the National Catholic Syndicate of Steel Workers, suddenly left their work benches in five Sorel plants at the call of union officers who travelled from mill to mill with news of the strike.

A union official said the steel strike had been called because of dissatisfaction with wage schedules fixed recently by the board of arbitration.

It was the third strike in scarcely more than two months. In the previous two, involving 800 men in four of the plants, the union fought for and gained recognition and the right to arbitration over wage questions.

The Sorel walkout was quiet. The day's disturbance on the Quebec labor front broke at Drummondville, where a crowd of textile strikers stoned H. F. Nicholson, Dominion Textile Company's mill manager there, and dragged him from his car to be searched for weapons as he was driving out of the strikebound plant.

Thought out by flying glass from the smashed windshield of his automobile, Nicholson was not seriously hurt. He was released after being searched.

In Montreal, 20 policemen stood guard at Dominion Textile's Notre Dame street warehouse while 125,000 pounds of finished goods were taken out for delivery, but the strikers made no attempt to interfere with the operation. An escort of two motorcycle policemen travelled with each truck to and from the warehouse.

The Montreal textile strikers, part of close to 10,000 members of the National Catholic Federation of Textile Workers blocked office workers from entering the Montreal Hochelaga plant of the company for a time. Federation President Albert Cote told them to let the office men in, though, and there was no trouble.

At other Montreal company offices, the white-collar workers went to their jobs without incident. Pickets had been informed they were going in to make up payrolls for the last week the strikers worked.

## Soviet Officials Sentenced

Three Get Death Sentence And Five Get Prison Terms

Moscow.—Three officials of the Novorossiysk food trust were sentenced to death and five others were given one-year prison sentences for what the Soviet government called "trying to wreck workers' markets." They were specifically accused of permitting the sale of bad sausage, which allegedly poisoned 120 persons.

Two officials of the Moscow Volga canal administration, removed from office shortly after the canal was opened to traffic, were ordered to trial for an unspecified accident to one of the new streamlined motorships plying the canal.

## Ulster Homes Searched

Police Investigate Bombing Which Occurred During The King's Visit Belfast, Northern Ireland.—Police conducted a raid in the Falls Road area in which they seized a bomb, a rifle, three revolvers and 1,000 rounds of ammunition. A butcher was detained for questioning.

Uniformed and plainclothes officers started an intensive search for arms in various sections of the city. A recent visit to Northern Ireland by the King and Queen was marked by an outburst of terrorism, mostly incendiary and bombing, which authorities attributed to extremist Republicans.

## Latest Channel Swimmer

Dover, Kent.—Tom Blower, 23, Nottingham factory employee, became the 26th person to swim the English Channel when he landed here, after completing the crossing from Cape Gris Nez, France. His time was 13 hours, 21 minutes.

## STONY PLAIN SUN,

Published Every Thursday at The Sun Office, Stony Plain, Alberta.

**Advertising Rates.**  
Display, Contract 35c.  
Readers in Locals 12c a line.  
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12c a line first insertion; 10c a line  
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Thursday, August 12, 1937.

### Impressing the Jury.

A young lawyer, pleading his first case, had been retained by a farmer to prosecute a railway company for killing twelve hogs. He wanted to impress the jury with the magnitude of the injury. "Twelve hogs, gentlemen! Twelve!—twice the number there in the jury box!"

### At Chawterbacker Creek.

Slim—Just had a great day's fishing without using a line or net.

Jim—How come?

Slim—Just threw half-a-dozen pieces of chewing tobacco into the creek. The fish grabbed 'em, and when they came up to spit I clubbed 'em with a pole.

### It All Depends.

First Voter: Don't you think it would be a good thing if your legislators were limited to one term?

Second Voter: It would depend altogether on, where the term was to be served.

### Coming to Life.

First-aid Man—Did you hold a mirror to her face, to see if she were still breathing?

Assistant—Yes, and she opened her eyes, gasped, and reached for her powder puff.

DR. R. A. WALTON,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
Office and Residence, 1st St. W.  
Opp. Town Hall. Phone 1.

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STONY PLAIN.

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**For Sale, 2 good Brood Sows**  
to farrow soon; 25 young  
Pigs, 7 weeks old. Phone 317.  
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**For Sale, 2 Sows; one farrows in**  
2 weeks, other in September;  
Also 2 Horses for sale. R. E. Jay,  
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**For Sale, 2 Lots on Main street,**  
opposite Royal Hotel, formerly  
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SA, Winnipeg, Man., Canada.

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bring results.

### Inga M. D. Poundkeepers.

**Poundkeeper**—Mr. Peter Swara  
Post Office, Stony Plain. Pound  
located on N.E. 29, 52, 1w5.

**Poundkeeper**—Mr. Jacob Gosh-  
nitz. Post Office, Duffield. Pound  
located on SE 5, 52, 3w5.

**Poundkeeper**—Mr. D. McDonald  
Post Office, Carvel. Pound locat-  
ed on SE 23, 51, 2w5.  
Div. 5—Geo. Searle; pound located  
SE 18-53-2-w5.

## The World of Wheat.

By H. G. L. Strange, Director Research Department,  
Searle Grain Co. Ltd.

One picture is worth 10,000 words.

This is a Chinese proverb, thousands of years old, and, as with all Chinese aphorisms, contains the very essence of truth itself.

The "Crop Testing Plan" took a cue some years ago from [this ancient Chinese proverb], and, by growing samples which represent farmers actual fields of wheat, make "living pictures" of thousands of individual fields in order to demonstrate to the eye their truthness-to-variety, or whether they contain undesirable, unprofitable mixtures.

These "field pictures" or demonstrations, may be seen during the next few weeks at over 100 points in Western Canada, and field days are held during which the material is demonstrated and explained by expert Cerealists and Plant Breeders.

The plots show in addition the new rust-resistant wheat varieties with, too, some new crops gathered from the four corners of the earth, of interest to Canadian farmers.

It would be worth the time of all who are interested in the advancement of agriculture to attend one of these field days, the object of it all being to improve wheat quality, and so to help sell the farmers' wheat on World's markets at better prices, hence finally to increase the income of the Western farmer.

## Every Capitalist an Unhindered Laborer

"Shining Lines" carries the following, which is not a bad definition of a satisfying economic environment: "The happiest land and the highest civilisation is that in which every capitalist is an unhindered laborer, and every laborer a potential capitalist. Utopia is approached by degrees, not by decrees—by the slow, toilsome improvement of the race. There never will be a Utopia of and for weakness and

shiftlessness. Every man a king is a good trick, if you can do it. God couldn't or didn't. It might be better to inculcate in mankind the inspiration to be royal, and leave the world in the hands of those who can make the grade."

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### MORE SOAP AT NO EXTRA COST

The new Sunlight Soap—is the same pure, quick-dissolving soap that has lightened the wash-day burden of millions of housewives... the only soap with a \$5,000 guarantee of purity... easy on the clothes and hands. Ask your dealer for the new, larger Sunlight bar and save money. ©

Now a bigger bar in a single carton. The 6 small bars in one carton will no longer be obtainable.

## WHERE TO SPEND AN ENJOYABLE VACATION



Canada This Year

**SINCE** the annual vacation has become a definite part of modern life, the desire to go to where it will be most enjoyable is of considerable importance. Canada has a particular appeal to the vacationist, for it has an unrivalled variety of attractions, which may be enjoyed at reasonable cost.

**Recreation Areas Easily Reached**  
For most people, the summer vacation is limited to a few weeks and is really shortened by the time it takes to travel to and from the holiday selected. Canada has an extensive system of good roads and excellent railway services which greatly facilitate travel between provinces.

### Attractions Cover Wide Range

Canada presents a striking diversity of natural features—the rugged and picturesque Atlantic coast; the St. Lawrence river and Great Lakes, the world's greatest inland waterway; the Laurentian mountains, land of forest and stream; the prairies; the majestic Rockies; and the beautiful Pacific coast. Each of these areas has its own attractions for enjoyable recreation. Fishing, hunting, camping, canoeing, and mountain-climbing may all be enjoyed under ideal conditions, while golf and tennis may be played practically everywhere. Accommodations include everything from camp sites to luxurious hotels.

Those to whom economy is a matter of concern may spend a pleasant vacation close to nature, at surprisingly small cost.

### Travel Information Gladly Furnished

The National Development Bureau, Department of the Interior at Ottawa, has prepared a series of automobile road maps, showing the main routes from one province to another, also a number of interesting booklets, including "Vacations in Canada," which describe the tourist attractions of each province. These will be sent to any of our readers planning a vacation. Applicants should state the areas in which they are interested.

### C. N. Train Service.

Trains from the East arrive here on Sunday, Tues., Friday, at 11-13 p.m.

Trains from the West arrive here Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 4:51 a.m.

### DANCE!

**At Holborn Hall,  
FRIDAY, AUG. 27.**

Under the Auspices of the Holborn U.F.W.A.  
Music by the Popular Stony Plain Orioles.

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## THE YELLOW BRIAR

A Story of the Irish on the Canadian Coast

By PATRICK SLATER

By arrangement with Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued

"Oh, it means," said I, "they think all you Catholics should be hanged. The ladder is the step up to a gallows, and the rope has a noose at the end of it."

The child felt quite distressed. We both knew all about the hanging business.

"But what have you done wrong, Paddy?" she asked me.

"Oh, don't worry," said I, "we're all poor miserable sinners."

"Well, Paddy," she advised me, "do with you would get converted, and be saved, and join our church."

"Have you been converted yourself?" I asked her.

"No," she told me, "I have tried and tried, Paddy—but it won't take!"

"Sure," I said, "I know you are not converted, or you wouldn't be pinching peppermint drops on your Aunt Letitia."

"But you won't tell?"

"No," said I, "nurse the word!"

Another visitor we had shortly afterward was a stylish young belle from Markham Township. On the first Sunday afternoon after her arrival, three young gentlemen of the neighborhood strolled up separately to the Marshall house. Curiously enough, they had all suddenly been struck with the notion, at church that morning, of seeing how our crops were getting along.

They all invited in, of course, and introduced to Miss Matilda Lee. Why is it, I wonder, that a self-conscious young lady, on such an occasion, gives vent to so much girlish laughter—unless it be to show her teeth?

The gathering being over, I went in formal, as might be expected.

The guinea hen, those noisy harbingers of company coming, set up their infernal, peevish chatter of "buck whee! buck whee!"

Betty went to the door to look out.

"Here," she exclaimed, turning to address the company, "is Johnson Potter up the lane. I suppose he is coming, too, to see how our crops are!"

I mention such trifling things as the visit of this marriageable girl to the Mono farm because the only theme I have in this simple narrative is the homely and commonplace in the lives of plowmen and Irish folk on the Ontario countryside. And a poor job it is! If I were able, I would make it as clear cut as the toll of their dinner bell, and as transparent as a sheet of polished glass. They are all dead and forgotten, but such simple, natural, wholesome lives make the history of the country where their bodies lie. God bless them! They are all off on the way of truth now.

By my more aggressive tactics, Potter won out in that afternoon contest. He got his spoke in first; and, yes, Miss Matilda would be charmed to go for a buggy ride with

Mr. Potter the very next evening—d.v., as to the weather. The result, in brief, was that Potter not only had a good many meals at the Marshall table, where he proved a capital treacher, but he got a wife who made good meals ready for him for the rest of his life.

Young Betty was simply fascinated with Miss Matilda's charming ways. Straightaway the child was primping about with her head tilted to one side. She was giggling incessantly without any apparent cause, and showing her teeth. The youngster was actually drifting around in a day dream; and her dream, of course, was that she was the beautiful Miss Matilda Lee. When I noticed the young actress was getting picky and fastidious about her victuals, I made it my business to open my mind to her on the side.

"Cut it out, Betty," I told her, "we all know you have a stomach!"

"Well," she said, "Matilda doesn't eat much."

"No," I replied, "not while Potter is around; but did you ever notice how she gorges herself in the back kitchen?"

Next spring's plowing time, the yellow, wide-boarded floor of the kitchen became Betty's constant care. At all hours, I would find the skinny youngster on her knees, scrubbing the great house and giving her the dicks. And she was strong of the opinion, seemingly, that it was my dirty boots that made most of this scrubbing necessary. For some unaccountable reason, she did not notice the tracks that the hired men, the driver, or the mud her father and the other men trailed about as they shuffled across the floor for their meals. But if she spied any dirt on my boots, there was a riot immediately.

"Just look at the dirt on Paddy's feet, Ma!" she would exclaim in despair, as she brushed a wisp of straw back into place from her awe-stricken forehead. "Do I have to scrub this floor again for that dirty clothop?"

"Please pass me a bit to eat in the shed," I would say to Mrs. Marshall. "It is better to dwell in the corner of the house than with a bawling woman in a wide house."

"But he doesn't seem to care, Ma, how much work he makes me!"

And she had the pinch of the argument on me; because from the time she was seven, Betty had always named my socks for me, and need to it that they patched up my clothes and kept my things shipshape.

"Well, Betty," I said to her at last, "you'd better make me carpet slipper; and, by the grace of God, I'll never touch your dirty old floor without them."

And the result was she made me an awkward-looking pair, which caused a lot of hilarity in the household. And I kept my promise—but only in muddy weather.

But the carpet slippers only served to transfer the scene of hostilities from the yellow floor to the bench by the back kitchen door. All my long life I have had trouble with my feet in warm weather. So in the evenings that summer, I made a practice of soaking them very carefully and deliberately in a bucket of rain-water and soft soap. And I found a comfortable place to do this was by the bench at the back kitchen door. But young Betty was raising morning glories and wild cucumber vine along the wall; and she complained the slaps I made, and scolded the caustic in it hurtled her feet.

Where the hired man is to wash his feet has always been one of the weighty problems in Ontario agriculture. Betty insisted that I do it elsewhere. I held to the opinion my feet should be washed close to the rain barrel.

These great issues were joined and went down to trial one summer's evening. Betty's temper had got quite the better of her, and she was tongue-lashing me in an outrageous manner. I slushed the soapy water in her direction, which sent her screaming round the corner of the house. I put a dipper of fresh water in my foot bath, and as she returned to the fray, I wiggled my toes at her. She promptly let a piece of broken crockery drive at me with one of those underarm, left-hand swings that should in all decency have put it clear over the roof; but the sharp edge of it caught me a nasty dip on the base of my toes at the rise of the instep. A lovely squirt of blood shot out. I always did bleed like a stuck pig. It was a grand shot for a eleven-year-old girl to make.

"Now, look what you've done!" I declared. "You'd murder me, would you, you little she-devil; and I'll appeal out the colored water to show her the great quantity of blood I was losing."

"Oh! Paddy," the child exclaimed, "I didn't mean to hurt you so real bad as that!"

"Well, look what you've done," I warned her. "You've killed me entirely."

And the next moment, I had a curious mixture of tears, and toward, and bleeding foot on my hands.

"Oh! Paddy, I'm very sorry," the youngster sobbed, "because I love you so!"

"You show it, don't you?" said I, "murdering me in cold blood!"

"Oh! Paddy, dear," she told me, "I didn't really mean to hurt you, because when I grow up, and have long skirts, I'm going to marry you, Paddy, and have babies for you."

"Oh, no, you're not!" said I.

"Ladies with long skirts have babies for their husbands," she informed me.

"Yes!" said I, "but God sends them."

"Well," she pondered, "couldn't He send me a nice red-headed one for you, Paddy?"

"Well," said I, with a mournful sigh, "it's a dead man I'll be by the morning, Betty; and when you grow up to be big miss, it's Paddy Carson you'll have to be marrying, Go, please!" I asked her, "and get your ma to give me a piece of white rag."

Sarah Duncan bandaged my foot up in smart order.

"Paddy," the young person remarked, "you can wash your dirty old feet here, if you want to."

"No, Betty," said I, "to keep peace in the family, I'll have to step over by the well where the drinking water comes from."

I heeled it upstairs to keep from bloodying the steps.

Hours later, Betty called up to me: "Vally, vally you who! Paddy, are you all right?"

"Sure," said I, "I'm fine."

"Has it quit bleeding, Paddy?"

"Sure," said I, "it's caulked up as tight as the inside of a boot."

"Sleep tight," she muttered, "and don't let the bugs bite!"

The morning after, Betty was not even enough interested in the overnight occurrence to ask me how my foot was doing; and henceforward, she treated me with an indifferent civility that gave me no occasion for quarrels and scoldings. I was left to shift strictly for myself in the matter of keeping holes out of my socks and losing my mitts in winter time. A lot of the hobnobbing age, I was usually sensitive; and my feelings were deeply hurt by this turn of events. I suppose the child had been given a good scolding after the cutting of my foot, and strict orders to quit hobnobbing Paddy, and as one slams a door after hunting into it, Betty may have felt a grudge against me because of her troubles.

At the time, however, I knew I had done nothing to offend the child, and so I thought of the following family instructions to put a no-account fellow like me in his proper place. Yet, I didn't let on.

(To Be Continued)

### Man In The Moon

Eastern Editor Has No Wish To Make The Lunar Trip

Much is said now and again of attaining altitude by means of rockets and experiments continue to be made along this line. They tell us that by this means it would be possible to reach the moon, and now it is said, with this new outfit invented by the British Air Ministry, it would carry a man safely through the rare spaces between that dead world and ours.

This talk of the moon always leaves us cold. What would a man do if he did get there. And how would he get back if he succeeded in reaching our world's never failing satellite? He needs must find the engine to send him sky-rocketing back and he could hardly take it with him. For ourselves though they invent a super rocket and suits to navigate the airless ether, it could never tempt us to leave good old terra firma.—Halifax Chronicle.

Rabbits are a serious menace during forest fires. They run from the burning area with fur ablaze and set new fires. 2218

### New Tax Levied For Education

Saskatchewan School Grants Increased July 1 With Education Tax Effective August 2

Government school grants in the province of Saskatchewan have been increased as of July 1, this year. This means an aggregate increase for all schools of approximately \$800,000.

Public schools will benefit to the extent of 50¢ per day per room. A one-room rural school which last year received a government grant of \$1 per day for 200 days—\$200 a year—will now receive \$1.50 per day for 200 days—\$300 a year—an increase of 50¢ cent. A two-room school will, of course, receive double this amount.

High schools and continuation schools, under the new schedule, will benefit to the extent of \$100 per year per room. The legislature also appropriated \$200,000 for loans to school districts for the purpose of reducing the arrears of teachers' salaries incurred prior to January 1, 1935.

Under the present government work office, it has had as one of its first objects the restoration of school grants to the figure they were prior to 1932. He also adds that, because of the crop failures and the consequent increased financial burden upon the government, it became impossible to make any increases. The legislature, however, at the last session decided that "the needs of education warranted the imposition of a new tax, earmarked for educational purposes." This provided the opportunity for the government to increase the grants as stated.

"The entire proceeds of this tax will be placed in a separate bank account and will be used exclusively for education services."

Premier Patterson's complete statement follows:

"The schools of the province of Saskatchewan are maintained largely by local taxes levied against real estate supplemented by government grants. Ever since the present government took office it has had as one of its first objectives the restoration of school grants to the figure they were prior to 1932. This would enable schools to remain open in the crop failure years when the tax collections are almost nil and would also permit of a general reduction in local taxes for school purposes."

With continued crop failures the finances of the province would not permit any increase of school grants and at the last session of the legislature it was decided that the needs of education warranted the imposition of a new tax, earmarked for educational purposes, which would provide funds for increased grants for the season the School Grants Act was amended increasing school grants as from July 1st and since that time the act has been passed to come into force on proclamation. This provision was included in the act so that the government had an opportunity of making a full study of administration methods and to put up the necessary machinery for the collection of the tax with the minimum of difficulty."

"Since the close of the season an exhaustive study has been made of the operation of a similar tax in the Province of Alberta and a number of the states of the Union; and administrative methods followed in these places have been analyzed and from the information thus secured regulations have been drafted and the organization for the operation of the act has been completed upon it. It should be remembered that the legislature passed the act to come into force on proclamation so that the administration might be fully and properly organized before the tax was imposed."

"Because of the crop conditions in the Province this year some suggestions have been made that the imposition of the tax should be delayed. The government has given careful consideration to these suggestions but after taking into account the fact that the conditions advanced as a reason for not imposing the tax made it all the more necessary if our schools are to be kept in operation. There will be this year a larger number of school rooms than ever before and will have the utmost difficulty in financing and the increased grants will be of great necessity in many, many districts. Even with the larger grant the problems of school maintenance will be sufficiently serious during the coming year and I am certain that the large majority of the people are prepared to

make some contribution to assist in keeping the schools open.

"It was decided, therefore, to proclaim the act to come into force on Monday, August 2nd. The Government makes the co-operation of the people of Saskatchewan in order to maintain our educational institutions in Saskatchewan. People do not like taxes and neither do governments, but we all have a responsibility to the future citizens of the Province who are now being educated and trained in our schools. The entire proceeds of this tax will be placed in a separate bank account and will be used exclusively for educational services. When you pay the tax you may apply for relief. The amount paid will be used and used only for that purpose."

Insofar as relief recipients are concerned, it will not be possible to make provision for the tax to be added to the school rates, but for the new relief year commencing September 1st, relief schedules, irrespective of what may otherwise be done in connection with relief increases, will make provision for the Education Tax on the portion of relief purchases which are taxable."

"Owing to the very large area in which there is a state of failure this year, the province has to call on the Federal Government for assistance to a greater extent and involving a much larger expenditure than ever before. The Federal Government for these expenditures comes from the people of Canada. It is our duty to indicate to them that we in Saskatchewan are doing our utmost to meet the situation and that we seek their help only where we have done everything we possibly can. Accepting this new tax as unavoidable we can that much better apply for the federal assistance which will be necessary to carry us through our present difficulties."

"The province has also received assistance of the people of Saskatchewan in a patriotic support of our Government and its policies for the benefit of our young people and the future welfare of our Province."

Little Helps For This Week

In all these things we are more than conquerors through Him that loved us. Romans 8:37.

Thus my soul before my God  
Lies still, nor speaketh more,  
Conqueror 'thru' o'er pain and  
Unconqueror 'thru' o'er joy.

That once mote me to the core;  
Like a silent ocean bright  
Basking in God's praise and light.

My mind is forever closed against  
embarrassment and perplexity, against  
uncertainty and anxiety, my heart  
against grief and desire. Calm  
and unmoved I look down on all  
things for I know that I cannot  
explain a single event, nor comprehend  
the connection of that which alone  
concerns me. In His world all things  
prosper, this satisfies me and in the  
belief I stand fast as a rock.

Air Route To Alaska

U.S. Air Officials Plan Route Via Edmonton And Yukon

A concrete step toward developing the mooted air route to Alaska and eventually to Asia by way of Edmonton and the Yukon, was taken when a group of United States government air officials and officers of air line visited Edmonton.

The party investigated the possible establishment of an air mail service through Edmonton to Alaska. Plans have been under study for some time past for connection of the Edmonton-Whitehorse line southward to Lethbridge, to tie in with American and trans-Canada services, and for eventual extension of the Yukon route to Alaska. Tentative negotiations are already under way between governments and air companies of the United States and Canada.

The little boy down the street reports a spring tragedy; somebody has stolen the cat's mitt. He bought his mother for Mother's day.

The Great Lakes have a barely perceptible tide, which is called a seiche, and is partly due to atmospheric conditions.

STOP Scratching

RELIEF itching of insect bites  
Even the most stubborn itching of insect bites, whether from mosquitoes, flies, or other insects, can be relieved by the use of this ointment. It is a powerful antiseptic and soothes the skin. It is also a powerful antiseptic and soothes the skin. It is also a powerful antiseptic and soothes the skin.

## Charles Mills, Oldtimer, Passes.

Mr. Charles Mills, an oldtime resident of Inga district, passed away in an Edmonton hospital on Sunday, August 8, after a lingering illness. Deceased was 70 years of age.

He leaves to mourn his loss, besides his loving wife, two sons—David, at home, and William, in Ontario; two daughters—Mrs Ronald Winter of Edmonton, and Miss Helen, at home.

The funeral service will be held Friday afternoon August 13th, at the family residence, at Inga Corner. Rev W E Sieber of Edmonton will officiate, assisted by the Rev Lawrence G. Sieber, pastor of the United Church at Stony Place. Interment will be made in Inga cemetery.

## Licensing Banks and the Employees.

Licensing of all banks, whether branches or head offices, in the province of Alberta, together with the licensing of all bank employees, and drastic control of the banking business in Alberta, is provided for in the new social credit acts. The key act, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Regulation of the Monetization of the Credit of the Province of Alberta, provides, among other things, for the following:

1. The licensing of all buildings used for banking purposes at the rate of not exceeding \$100 a year for each building.

2. The licensing of each bank employe at the rate of not exceeding \$5 a year per employe.

3. The taking out of the necessary license within 14 days of the act coming into effect.

4. The act coming into effect on the day on which it is assented to.

5. The appointment of a local directorate of 5 persons for each bank, 3 of such directorate to be appointed by the social credit board and 2 by the bankers; whose duty it will be to "supervise, direct and control the policy of the banker, for the purpose of preventing any act by a banker or employe or employers which would constitute a restriction or interference, either direct or indirect, with the full enjoyment of property and civil rights by any person within the province."

5. Dismissal of any member of the local directorate by the social credit board at any time for any cause which the board deems sufficient.

Drastic penalties are also provided under the act.

## THE SERVICE GARAGE.

### USED CARS, GUARANTEED.

1927 CHEVROLET SEDAN  
1929 CHEVROLET COACH  
1935 FORD V-8 TRUCK  
1928 CHEVROLET TRUCK  
1930 OAKLAND SEDAN  
1927 OAKLAND COACH  
1927 CHEVROLET TOURING  
1926 DODGE LIGHT DELIVERY  
1928 PONTIAC SEDAN  
1935 International Truck, 1 1/4 Ton

These Cars have been Completely Reconditioned and are in Excellent Shape.

## Sommerfield & Mayer,

Agents for CHEVROLET and OLDSMOBILE CARS.  
Agents for British America Oil Co and all its Products.

MASSEY-HARRIS AGENTS.

Used Gas. Engines and Used Machinery.

SERVICE GARAGE. Stony Plain.

A GOOD ROAD AND A  
**NEW CHEVROLET SIX**  
FOR REAL PLEASURE.

Wherever You Find Autos, there You Find  
a New Chevrolet Six.

## Stony Plain and District.

Mr and Mrs A P Anderson arrived from Vancouver by motor car on Saturday.

Mrs Henry Oppertshauser has as a visitor her sister Mrs D W Pattie of Innisfail.

The Louie Wudel family are spending a vacation at their cottage, Seba Beach.

Mr William J. Gannon, noted sports writer, is spending a vacation at Banff. "Bill" is accompanied by his valet.

Among the former residents who have given Stony a call is the well-known cattleman Mr August Meredith. Another visitor was Wong Chee, who gave Stony a re-survey regarding opening a lunch counter.

Other callers included Mr and Mrs L Kowensky, who were returning from their trip to Iowa, and left for their home in Grande Prairie. Officer Lewis and Mrs Lewis were here, renewing friendships.

Mr Walter Miller resumed his duties at the Postoffice Monday morning.

Officer Krause is on his holidays at present. The detachment is being managed by Constable Hulme, formerly of Evansburg.

A local truckman was up before the Beak on Monday charged with an infraction of the Hiway Traffic Act.

Two cases came up before Magistrate McCulla at Saturday's sitting of the local Court. One of these was a charge of theft; charge not proven. These parties were from Carvel district. The other case was that of assault, committed on the Hiway. A fine of \$10 and costs was imposed on the aggressor.

Black Hawks Orchestra will play to a dance Tuesday August 24, in Kelly's Hall.

Hulborn U.F.W.A are holding a dance in their hall Friday Aug 27.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED at The Royal Cafe.

## Notes of Sport.

The ball-tossers from the Grove invaded our local diamond on the 4th, and had their usual bunch of leftpaw sluggers with them. The leftpaw batters proved too great a puzzle for Eddie Moldenhauer, our pitcher, and the Grovers won out by 3 runs to 2. Otto Dreitz caught for Stony. Alvin Willie umpired.

Captain Dreitz took his gang down to Spruce Grove on Friday and locked horns with the Callian outfit. Stony Seniors had bad luck there, also, losing out by 4 runs to 2. Stony battery: E Enders and O Dreitz.

Stony Seniors had luck up at Onoway on Sunday, beating the Onowayunion team 7-6. Stony plays Arrow Busses in the City on Friday the 13th.

## Spruce Grove News.

Capt. Callihan took his team up to Stony on the 4th and won a very tight game. Grove's battery: Elkin and C Brox. A return game by Stony was played here on Friday with Goebel and Brox as the battery. The game resulted in a win for the home team by 4 runs to 2.

Madam Fontaine, "clairvoyant, phrenologist and palmist," is billed to be at Spruce Grove Sat. Aug. 14.

The school board has re-engaged the two teachers at the Public school, Miss Kunt and Miss Little. There is a rumor that Mr L Piercey has been offered a position at the Clover Bar high school.

Onoway was the scene of the Grove team's effort on Sunday last. The Grovers went up in full force. I. Goebel pitched, and C Brox did the catching, with the result that Onoway won, 10-3.

Sunday next will see three teams play ball at the Grove. These are postponed League games. Following these, we'll have the playoffs.

Gobel's Service Station is negotiating for the purchase of another truck, for their cream route.



Sold by T. J. Hardwick, Stony Plain

## Riding in Trucks Banned.

In view of the fact that the Police have received instructions to enforce the provisions of the P. S. V. Act regarding the carrying of passengers in trucks, it is advisable for the truckmen to discourage prospective passengers.

## In Memory.

Quickly and suddenly came the call. Her sudden death surprised us all. Dearest to memory than words can tell.

The loss of a mother we loved so well.

In memory of Mrs Val Kulak, who died August 11, 1938.

— Kulak Brothers.

## The Market Report

| WHEAT.         |      |
|----------------|------|
| No. 1 Northern | 1 08 |
| No. 2 Northern | 1 02 |
| No. 3 Northern | 0 98 |
| No. 4 Northern | 0 94 |
| BATH.          |      |
| 2 C. W.        | 34   |
| 3 C. W.        | 31   |
| Extra 1 Feed   | 31   |
| No. 1 Feed     | 29   |
| No. 2 Feed     | 23   |
| BARLEY.        |      |
| No. 3          | 44   |
| No. 4          | 41   |

## Open Seasons for Game.

Ducks, geese, Sept. 16 to Nov. 1  
Hungarian Partridges, Oct. 1—  
Nov. 30. South of N. Saskatchewan River only.

Grouse, Pheasants and Prairie Chicken—No open season.

Deer, moose, Nov. 2 to Dec. 14  
Mink, martin, otter, Nov. 1—

March 31  
Muskrat, Mar. 1—April 30 South of N. Saskatchewan river, no open season.

Sunday Shooting prohibited.  
Game licenses and trappers' licenses may be procured at The Sun Office.

For Sale—1 Farm, 320 acres, 200 acres broke. Farm 2, 240 acres, 85 acres broke, all summer fallow. Buildings on both places; 3 miles from Carvel. Fred Schmitke, Stony Plain.

Lost—Dark Brown Sweater, with zipper fastener. Reward on return to Sun Office.

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